

NEB. REV. STAT. § 28-318 (2010). TERMS, DEFINED

As used in sections 28-317 to 28-322.04, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) Actor means a person accused of sexual assault;
- (2) Intimate parts means the genital area, groin, inner thighs, buttocks, or breasts;
- (3) Past sexual behavior means sexual behavior other than the sexual behavior upon which the sexual assault is alleged;
- (4) Serious personal injury means great bodily injury or disfigurement, extreme mental anguish or mental trauma, pregnancy, disease, or loss or impairment of a sexual or reproductive organ;
- (5) Sexual contact means the intentional touching of the victim's sexual or intimate parts or the intentional touching of the victim's clothing covering the immediate area of the victim's sexual or intimate parts. Sexual contact shall also mean the touching by the victim of the actor's sexual or intimate parts or the clothing covering the immediate area of the actor's sexual or intimate parts when such touching is intentionally caused by the actor. Sexual contact shall include only such conduct which can be reasonably construed as being for the purpose of sexual arousal or gratification of either party. Sexual contact shall also include the touching of a child with the actor's sexual or intimate parts on any part of the child's body for purposes of sexual assault of a child under sections 28-319.01 and 28-320.01;
- (6) Sexual penetration means sexual intercourse in its ordinary meaning, cunnilingus, fellatio, anal intercourse, or any intrusion, however slight, of any part of the actor's or victim's body or any object manipulated by the actor into the genital or anal openings of the victim's body which can be reasonably construed as being for nonmedical or nonhealth purposes. Sexual penetration shall not require emission of semen;
- (7) Victim means the person alleging to have been sexually assaulted;
- (8) Without consent means:
 - (a) (i) The victim was compelled to submit due to the use of force or threat of force or coercion, or
 - (ii) the victim expressed a lack of consent through words, or
 - (iii) the victim expressed a lack of consent through conduct, or
 - (iv) the consent, if any was actually given, was the result of the actor's deception as to the identity of the actor or the nature or purpose of the act on the part of the actor;

(b) The victim need only resist, either verbally or physically, so as to make the victim's refusal to consent genuine and real and so as to reasonably make known to the actor the victim's refusal to consent; and

(c) A victim need not resist verbally or physically where it would be useless or futile to do so; and

(9) Force or threat of force means

(a) the use of physical force which overcomes the victim's resistance or

(b) the threat of physical force, express or implied, against the victim or a third person that places the victim in fear of death or in fear of serious personal injury to the victim or a third person where the victim reasonably believes that the actor has the present or future ability to execute the threat.

Nebraska is a mandatory Public Law 280 state that has retroceded criminal jurisdiction back to the Winnebago and Omaha Reservations.